

## OZER ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES

Mechanical, Materials and Thermal Engineering  
Advanced Thermal Solutions, Reticulated Metal Foams,  
Microelectronics, RF and Power Electronics Packaging  
Thermal and Structural Reliability Analysis

**Dr. Burhan Ozmat**

*Principal*

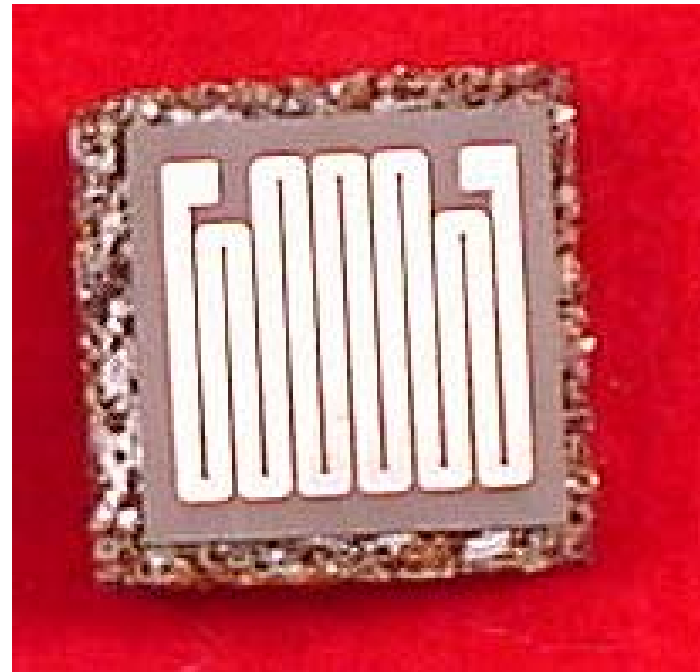
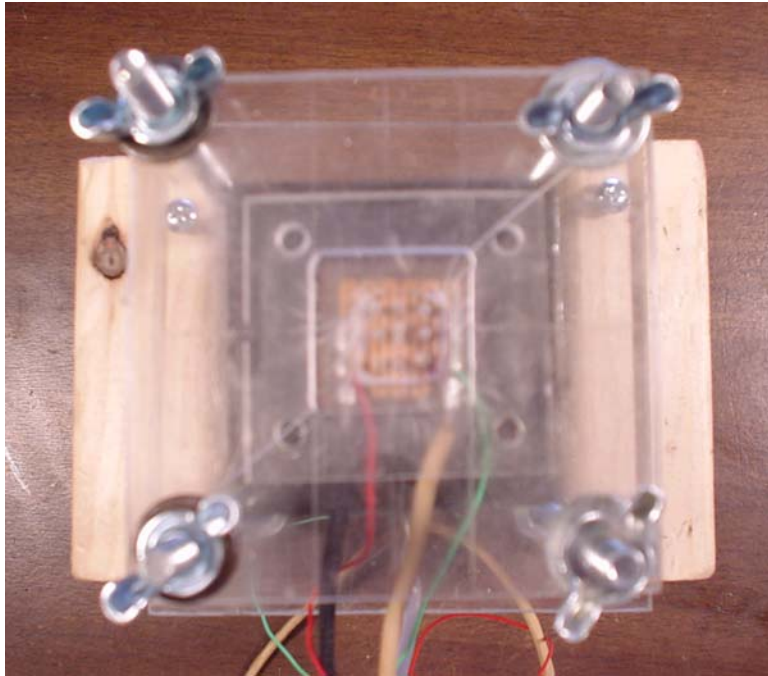
*53 Helderhill Road, Voorheesville NY 12186*

*Tel: (518) 765-3803 Fax: (518) 765-9005 Cellular (518) 330-6120*

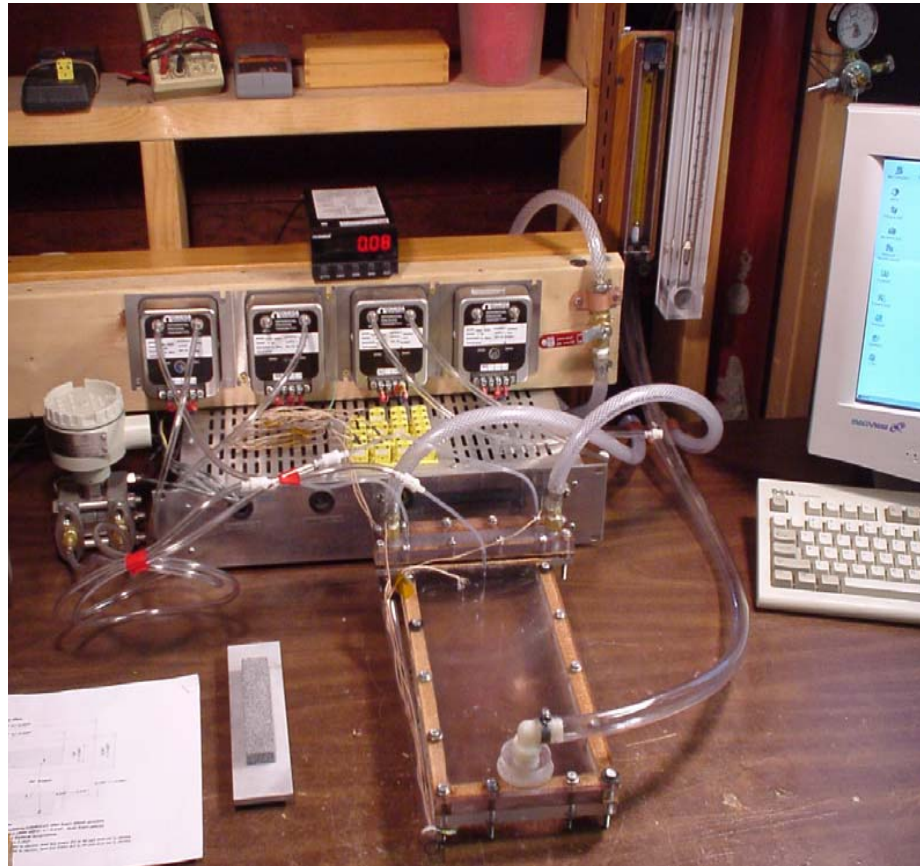
## **In house capabilities:**

- Heat Transfer and Fluid flow laboratory services.
- Large scale computerized data acquisition and processing;
- High temperature, inert atmosphere brazing, soldering
- FEA (Structural and Thermal), CFD, CAD
- Metallurgical sample preparation, optical microscopy
- Model shop to fabricate prototypes fixtures and articles (NC milling, NC EDM, drilling, cutting).

**Characterizing thermal performance :**



*Characterizing thermal performance :*



CROSS/COUNTER FLOW HX UNIT UNDER TEST

**Characterizing thermal performance :**



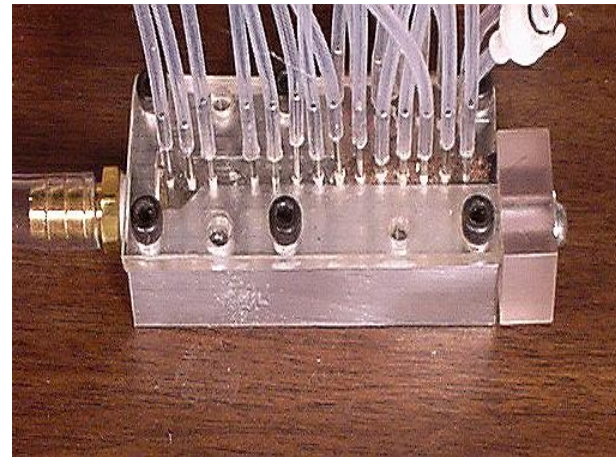
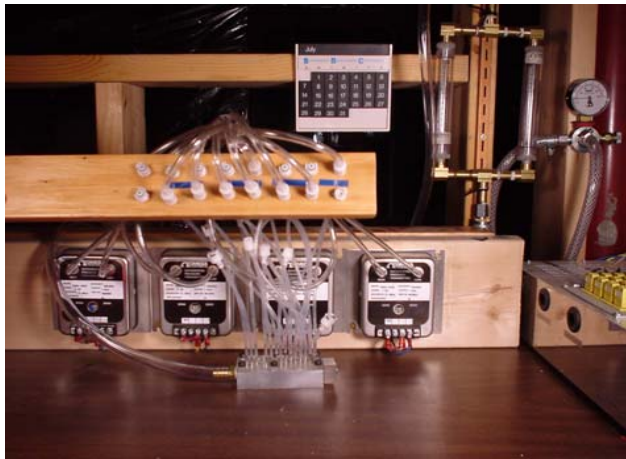
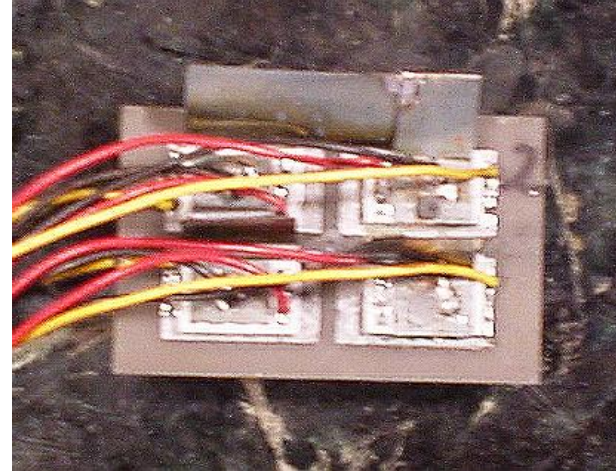
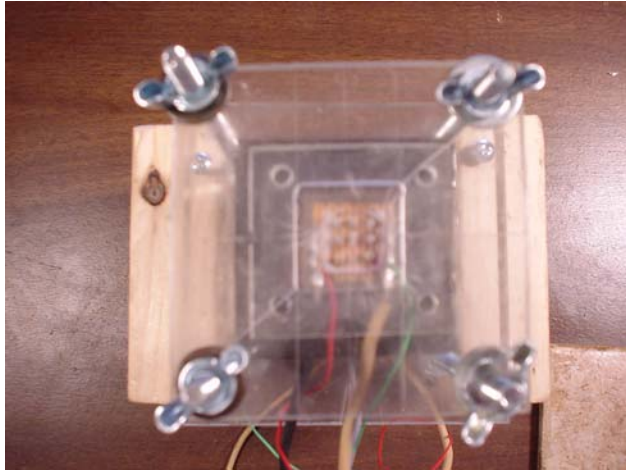
RMF Based 1KW Air to Liquid HX, 0.3 lb, 5.3 in<sup>3</sup> (0.003 ft<sup>3</sup>)

*Characterizing thermal performance :*



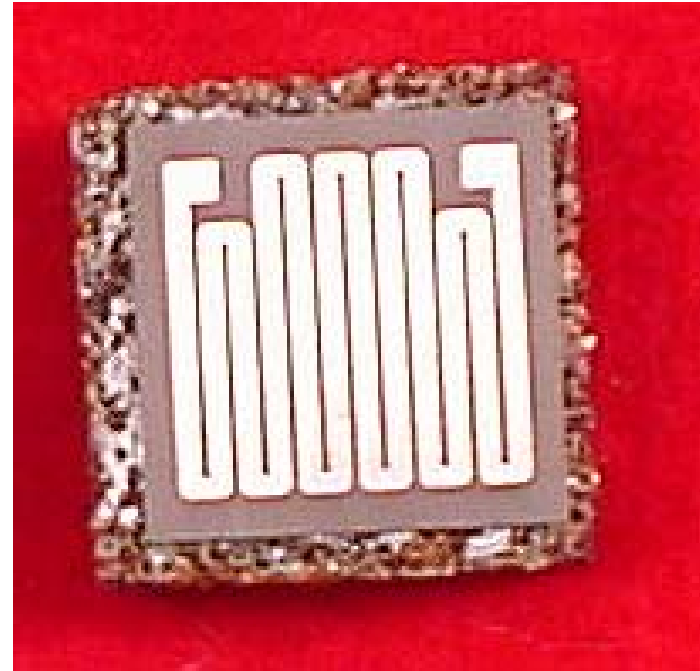
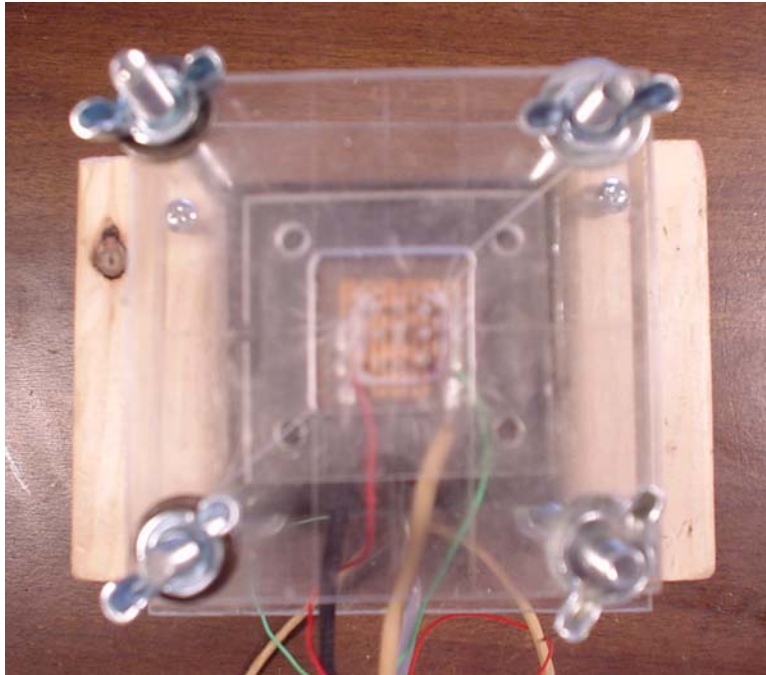
COUNTER FLOW HX UNIT UNDER TEST

## *Characterizing thermal performance :*



Thermal performance characterization- Power Electronics and Server applications

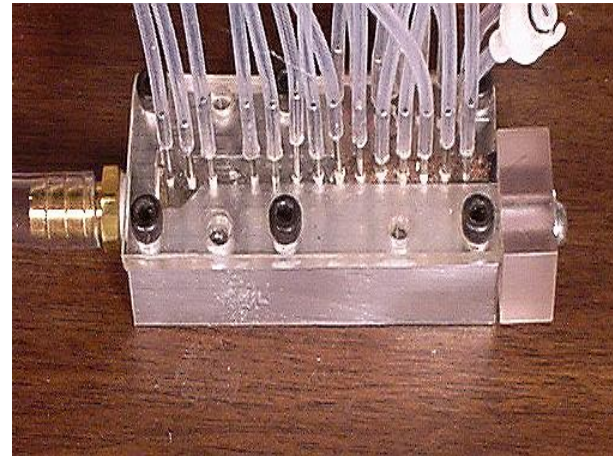
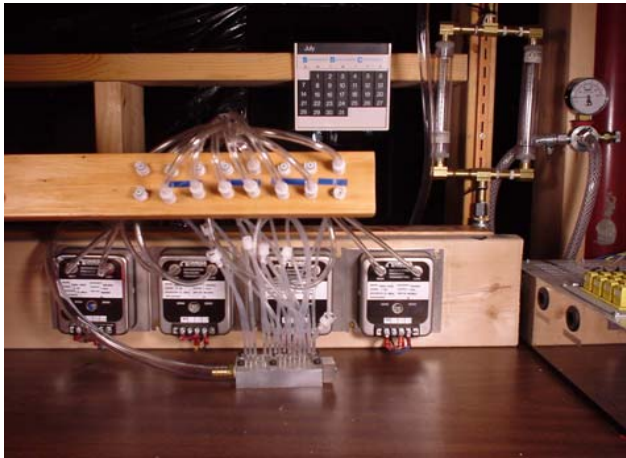
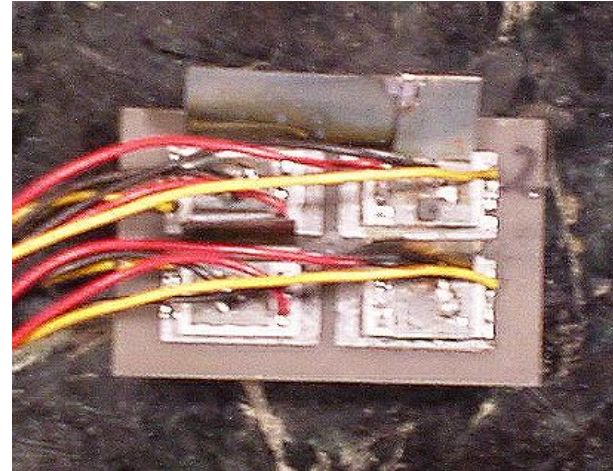
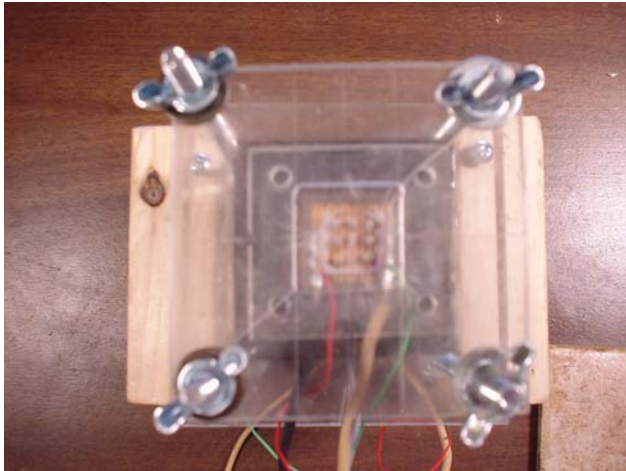
*Characterizing thermal performance :*



Cu foam HX for a 8 CPU server application under test  
Metalized AlN resistor simulates Thermal load



## *Characterizing thermal performance :*



## *Applications:*

- Power modules
- Microprocessors
- MCM
- Smart skins
- Secondary HX.

## *Advantages:*

- Delaying transition to water cooling
- Improved size, performance, system reliability
- Ease of upgrading electronics on existing platforms
- Reduced system cost/performance

## **Advantages of Metal Foam HX \$\$\$**

- Reduced spacing between processors.
- Shorter bus lengths,
- Simpler design
- Lower losses
- Increased timing and noise margins
- Increased processor speed (duty factor)
- Increased performance
- Lower Cost/Performance indices
- Lower chassis volume, weight and cost
- More added value and higher profit margin (DB Slots)
- Higher system reliability

## *Advantages of Metal Foam HX \$\$\$*

- Thermal performance of Power Modules  $\uparrow$  by  $\approx 2.5X$   
Lower  $T_j \Rightarrow$  Improves reliability,  
Device ratings increase ,  $\Rightarrow$  less Silicon, lower cost  
Package power devices more closely  $\Rightarrow$   
Smaller module size/performance  
Lower weight/performance ,  
Lower material cost
- $Ldi/dt$  is reduced  $\Rightarrow$  (lower  $V_b$  rating )  
Higher device efficiency & lower device cost  
Faster switching  $\Rightarrow$  smaller filter C and L (\$, Lb)

## Characterizing thermal performance :

Results of the experiments and 3D FEAs of various power module configurations

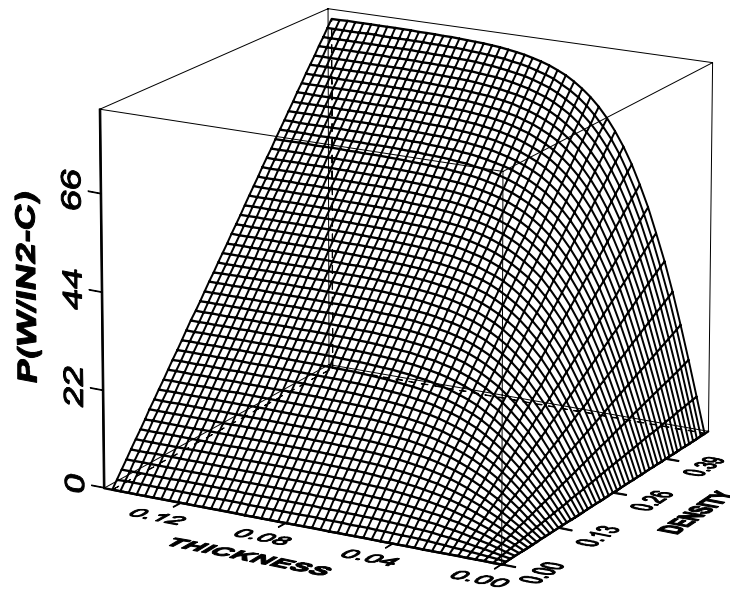
		AREA (In <sup>2</sup> )	HEAT SPREADER	HEAT SINK	$\Delta T_{max}$ (°C)	R <sub>ja</sub> (°C/W)	P max. $\Delta T=60$ °C
1	C	10.2	AlSiC - 0.100"	EXTERNAL	178	0.127	470
2	C	10.2	AlSiC - 0.200"	EXTERNAL	163	0.116	515
3	C	10.2	AlSiC - 0.200"	EXTERNAL	150 <sup>s</sup>	0.107	560
4	C	10.2	CuMo - 0.200"	EXTERNAL	147	0.105	571
5	C	10.2	CuMo - 0.200"	EXTERNAL	129 <sup>s</sup>	0.092	651
6	C	10.2	CuMo - 0.100"	EXTERNAL	164	0.117	512
7	C	10.2	CuMo - 0.100"	BAFFLED CAVITY	121	0.086	694
8	C	10.2	CuMo - 0.100"	INTEGRAL	70	0.050	1,200
9	C	10.2	Cu - 0.150"	EXTERNAL	137	0.980	613
10	C	3.2	NONE	EXTERNAL	264	0.189	318
11	C	3.2	NONE	BAFFLED CAVITY	162	0.116	519
12	C	3.2	NONE	INTEGRAL	60	0.043	1,400
13	E	3.2	NONE	BAFFLED CAVITY	75 °C @ 800W	0.095	640
14	E	3.2	NONE	EXTERNAL	95 °C @ 800W	0.120	505
15	E	3.2	NONE	INTEGRAL-40ppiAl-10%	86 °C @ 800W	0.108	560
16	E	3.2	NONE	INTEGRAL-40ppiAl-20%	69 °C @ 850W	0.080	740
17	E	3.2	NONE	INTEGRAL-40ppiAl-36%	47 °C @ 850W	0.059	1020
18	E	3.2	NONE	INTEGRAL-40ppiCu-40%	38 °C @ 800W	0.047	1265
19	E	3.2	NONE	INTEGRAL-40ppiCu-40%	63 °C @ 1000W <sup>E/G</sup>	0.063	950
20	E	3.2	NONE	INTEGRAL-40ppiCu-40%	35 °C @ 500W <sup>EO</sup>	0.070	860

E :Experimental, C:Calculated,

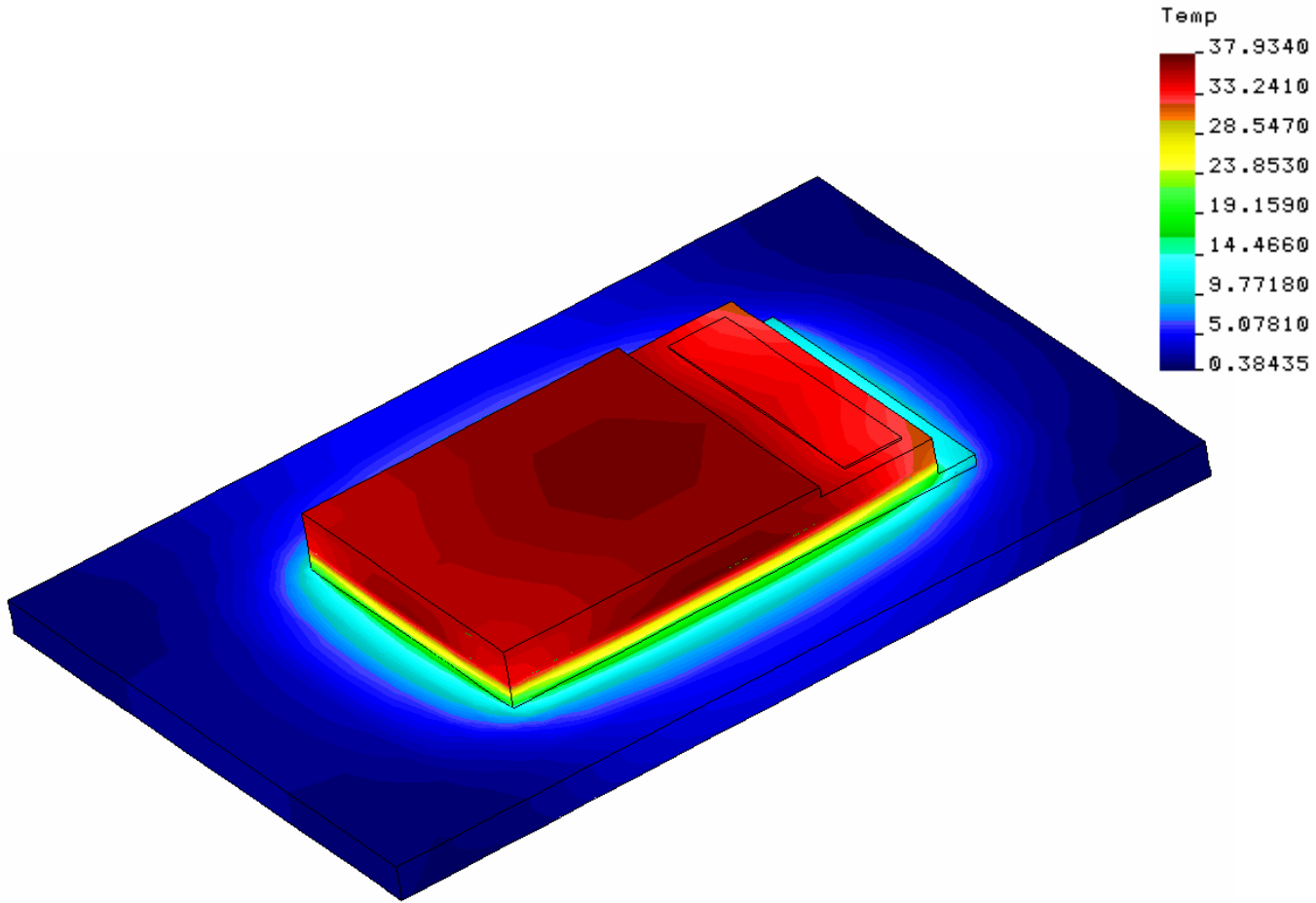
E/G: 50% Water-Ethylene Glycol mixture , EO : Motor Oil, Castrol 399

## Characterizing thermal performance :

**EFFECTIVE FILM COEFFICIENT**  
**30PPI Cu FOAM, COOLANT: DI WATER**

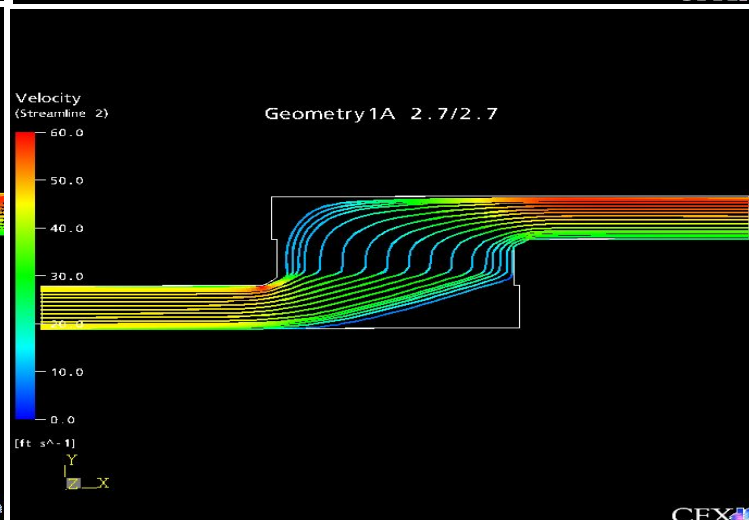
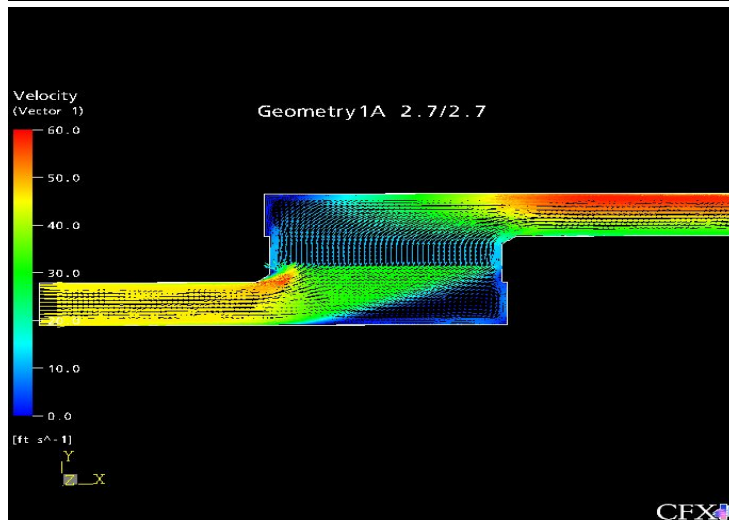
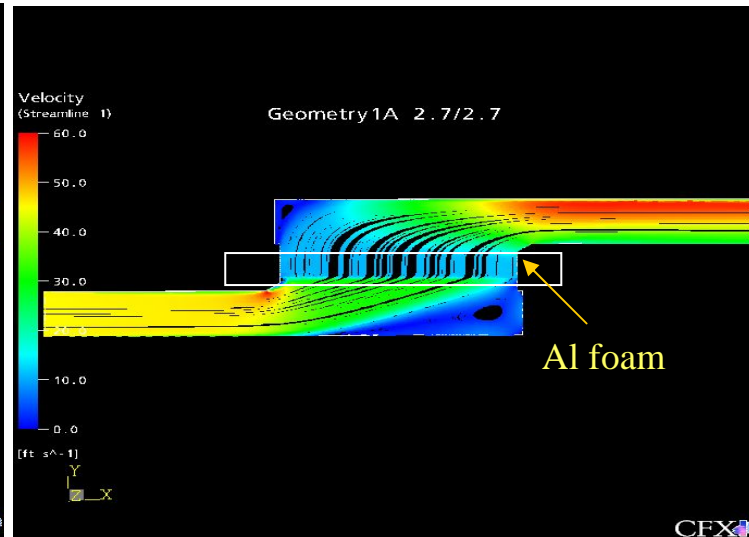
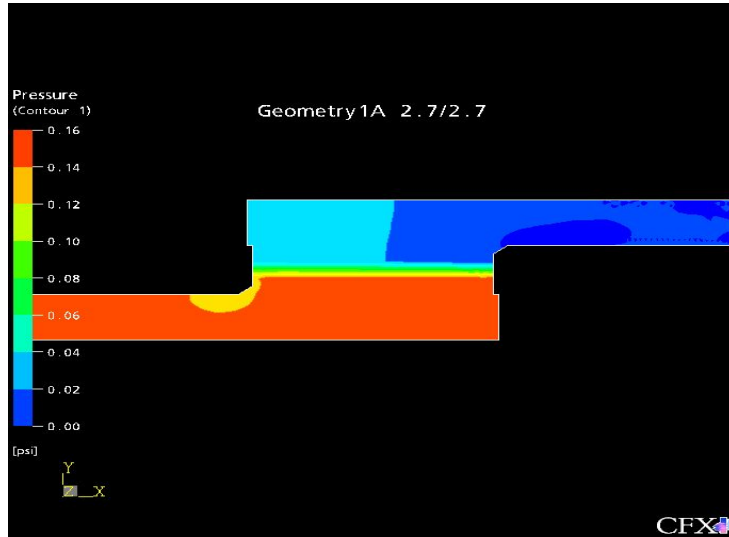


# An experimental study of RMF based HX



# CFD analysis of angled flow through Aluminum RMF

Air temperature: 80 F; Length scale = 0.008"; Inlet flow = 160 cfm





## *In house capabilities*



NC EDM (top left), (5) axis NC Machining (lower right) and Milling (upper left)